

The Yazoo Democrat.

H. P. GARRISON, Publisher and Proprietor.

FOR THE SOUTH.

TERMS—Three Dollars Per Annum, in Advance.

VOLUME II.

YAZOO CITY, MISSISSIPPI, SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 26, 1859.

NUMBER 13.

Professional Cards.

DR. H. PEAKE,
OFFICE—One door South of W. S. Epperson's,
near the Court House.
After 10 o'clock, P. M., may be found at
the residence of Mr. S. H. Wilson.
Yazoo City, April 30, 1859.

DR. KIDD & WILSON,
YAZOO CITY, MISSISSIPPI.

Dr. Wilson has removed his residence to the
residence occupied by J. N. Ratcliff, opposite S. H.
Wilson's. Office with Dr. Kidd.
Yazoo City, January 15, 1859.

Instruction in Music.
PROF. J. BOEHMER offers his services
as teacher of Vocal and Instrumental
Music, Thorough Bass, &c., to the people
of Yazoo City and the community at large.
Pianos, Organs, Melodeons, &c., &c., tuned and
repaired.
Yazoo City, January 1, 1859.

A. M. HARLOW,
Attorney at Law,
LEXINGTON, HOLMES CO., MISS.
Will practice in the Probate and Circuit
Courts of Yazoo and Holmes Counties;
also, in the High Court of Errors and
Appeals at Jackson.
[Oct. 9/58-ly]

D. W. SANDERS,
Attorney at Law,
LEXINGTON, HOLMES COUNTY,
Mississippi.
September 11th, 1858.

BURRUS & ARMISTEAD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
YAZOO CITY, MISS.
Sept. 1, 1858.

W. S. EPPERSON,
Attorney at Law, Yazoo City, Miss.

And Commissioner for Louisiana.
Will practice in the Courts of Yazoo, and the
other counties comprising the Fifth Judicial
District, and the Courts at Jackson.
Office near the Court House.
September 1, 1858.

BROOKE & SMEDS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, VICKSBURG,
Miss., will continue to practice their
profession in the Circuit, Chancery and Probate
Courts of Warren county, at Vicksburg,
Washington county, at Greenville; Bolivar
county, at Wallington; Issaquena county, at
Tahoka, and the Supreme and Federal Courts at
Jackson.
[Sept. 1, 1858]

DR. HOLMES & VANDELL,
Have associated themselves in the prac-
tice of Medicine, and respectfully tender
their services to the citizens of Benton and sur-
rounding country.
Benton, Miss., Sept. 1, 1858. 1v.

HENRY LAURENCE,
DENTIST,
Office on Main Street, Yazoo City,
Mississippi.

PATRICK MAHER,
Plaster and Ornamental Plasterer,
(NEAR THE BAPTIST CHURCH.)
Yazoo City, Miss.
Respectfully solicits the patronage of the
public.
(Dec. 4, '58 ly.

To Land Speculators.
J. D. SIDDON,
LAND LOCATOR AND SURVEYOR,
Will give prompt attention to all orders of
survey in Holmes, Yazoo, Washington,
Sunderland or any adjoining county. Will also
give attention to the buying and selling of lands,
and paying of taxes for persons that live remote.
Address, Lexington, Mississippi.
March 24, 1859. (30 Jan)

PETER B. COOK & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALERS IN
PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS,
GARDEN SEEDS, &c., &c.,
Yazoo City, Miss.
May 28, 1859.

ANDREW GIBB,
Main Street, YAZOO CITY, Mississippi
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN
WINE, LIQUORS, CORDIALS, PORTER,
ALE, TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
Also, a great variety of Fruits, Confectionery
and Groceries of the best quality constantly
on hand.
Jan. 1.

F. G. RANDOLPH & CO.,
RECEIVING, FORWARDING
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
No. 42, UNION STREET,
NEW ORLEANS.
May 28, 1857.

WATCH REPAIRING.
HAVING DETERMINED
to devote my special attention to the
watch-repairing business, I
hereby respectfully give notice to my former
clients and patrons, and to the public generally,
that hereafter all watches entrusted to my care
will be repaired exclusively by myself, and war-
ranted to keep time to the entire satisfaction of
the owner.
S. H. WILSON.
Yazoo City, November 8, 1858. (ly)

Hymn Books. Hymn Books!
JUST received, a large assortment of Meth-
odist Hymn Books, of all sizes.
P. B. COOK & CO.
September 17, 1859.

Advertisements.

THOMPSON & GRAY,
DRUGGISTS,
Booksellers and Stationers,
MAIN STREET,
YAZOO CITY.
May 7, 1859.

One Hundred Thousand Cures,
AND
NOT A SINGLE FAILURE!



Green's Ague and Fever Mixture.
Warranted to cure the Ague and Fever, or
Chills and Fever, in every case where the
directions are followed, without the aid of
any other Medicine.

HAVING purchased the exclusive right to the
manufacture and sale of this remedy, we
cheerfully offer it to the public at large, as near
a specific for ague and fever than any other medi-
cine known.

READ HOME TESTIMONY.
NEAR LEXINGTON, Miss., June 10th, '59.
Messrs. Cassell & Baughn, Canton, Miss.,

GENTLEMEN:—I deem it due to you and the public,
to say a word in favor of your GREEN'S AGUE
AND FEVER MIXTURE. Last fall, I bought a
bottle from you, and cured twelve cases of Ague
and Fever with it, and have used only half the
bottle. In one of the above-mentioned cases, I
had used quinine and every other remedy I could
hear of, without success. It never failed me in any
case. Respectfully,
S. B. HARRIS.

This certifies that I suffered from Ague and
Fever for eight years, during which time I tried
every medicine I could hear of, without any per-
manent benefit, until I obtained Green's Ague and
Fever Mixture, which entirely cured me.
September, 1858. WM. MILLER.

Messrs. CASSELL & BAUGHN: I have used
Green's Ague and Fever Mixture in my family
with unfeigned success, and would recommend it
in preference to any other Medicine for Fever and
Ague. One bottle cured four cases.
September 20, 1858. A. W. CLARK.

To those afflicted with Chills and Fever, I
would say, by all means use Green's Ague and
Fever Mixture. It has never failed to cure the
above disease in my family.
September, 1858. ELIJAH YOUNG.

I have used two bottles of Green's Ague and
Fever Mixture in my family with uniform success,
and believe it to be an excellent remedy.
October, 1858. W. P. ANDERSON.

For sale by
COMPTON & THOMAS,
Yazoo City.

And by the proprietors,
CASSELL & BAUGHN, Canton.

—ALSO—
GREEN'S CARMINATIVE SYRUP,
OR, DIARRHÆA MIXTURE!

A speedy, safe and effectual remedy for Di-
arrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Infantum, or
Summer Complaint of Children, Cholera
Morbus, and any, or all, Irregularities of the
Bowels.

Travelers should always have a supply of this
Syrup with them, to counteract the derangement
of the Bowels consequent on using a change of
Water.

Every Family should keep this Syrup, and par-
ticularly in the summer time, when Fruits are
abundant, and the bowels of Children frequently
become deranged. It will be found efficacious in
restoring them to their usual healthy action.

Hundreds of certificates might be obtained,
establishing the value of this remedy in diseases
of the bowels, one only of which we will insert
here. Read the following from O. A. Luckett,
Esq., an eminent Lawyer, and highly respectable
citizen of Canton, Miss.

This certifies that I have used Green's Car-
minative or Diarrhœa Mixture in my family for
several years with perfect success, and confidently
recommend it to the public, as the best remedy
I know of, for Diarrhœa and similar diseases of the
Bowels. It is especially adapted to the summer
complaints of children, who take it readily, and
are fond of it.
O. A. LUCKETT.
Canton, Sept. 29, '58.

For sale by
COMPTON & THOMAS,
Yazoo City.

And by the proprietors,
CASSELL & BAUGHN, Canton, Miss.
June 18, 1859. (42 ly)

NOTICE.
FROM this date, I offer my entire stock of
BUGGIES and FURNITURE at as low rates
as the same description of goods can be obtained
anywhere. Call and examine my stock be-
fore purchasing elsewhere, as I am certain the
prices and quality of my goods will give satisfac-
tion. A good assortment now in store.
E. L. BOWER.
September 10, 1859. (6m)

Notice.
ALL persons indebted to the old firm of P. B.
Cook & Co., either by Notes or Accounts,
are requested to call and settle at once; other-
wise, we shall be forced to place the same in
an officer's hands for collection.
P. B. COOK & CO., in liquidation.
Yazoo City, June 18, 1859.

JUST RECEIVED—
300 doz Quinine.
4 doz Hostettors Bitters.
6 doz McLean's Cordial.
3 " Indian Chologogue.
2 gross Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorative,
of all sizes, by P. B. COOK & CO.
October 1, 1859.

PAINTS! PAINTS!!
WE have in store a large supply of Pure White
Lead, French Zinc, Oil, Turpentine and
Varnishes, Colored Paints in Oil, and dry of all
colors, Red Lead, Lytharge, Patent Dryer, Putty,
&c., &c., for sale by
THOMPSON & GRAY.
May 7, 1859.

300 OZS QUININE, just received by
P. B. COOK & CO.
October 1, 1859.

Advertisements.

FEMALE COLLEGE LOTTERY.
OF GEORGIA,
Chartered by the State in 1856.
W. C. DAWSON & Co., Managers.
MACON, OR SAVANNAH, GA.

NOVEL SCHEME!
Policy Plan Lottery.

By this Scheme, purchasers can select their
own Numbers, and pay any amount for a Ticket
they may desire!

Extra Class 3, Drawn October 7, 1859.
And on every succeeding day (Sundays except-
ed) at 5 o'clock P. M.

In this Scheme there are 75 Numbers
placed in the Wheel—from 1 up to 75—and twelve
of those Numbers are drawn from the Wheel. If
a person selects one Number out of the 75, and
that Number is among the Numbers drawn, he
gets five times the amount invested. If two
selected Numbers are drawn, he gets thirty for
one; if three selected Numbers are drawn, he
gets two hundred for one; if four selected Num-
bers are drawn, he gets a thousand for one; if
five selected Numbers are drawn, five thousand
for one; if six selected Numbers are drawn, six-
teen thousand for one. Remember! If two, or more
selected Numbers are taken, and all those Num-
bers so selected are not drawn among the Twelve
Drawn Numbers, the Ticket is a Blank.

OUR
HAVANA PLAN LOTTERIES
Draw Four (4) Times a Month.

And are the most liberal of any Schemes ever
offered. For particulars address,
W. C. DAWSON & Co., Managers.
Macon and Savannah, Ga.
October 29, 1859.

MANSION HOUSE,
YAZOO CITY, MISS.

THE subscriber informs the public that he has
become the proprietor of the MANSION
HOUSE, in Yazoo City, and that it is now open
under his immediate superintendence for the
reception and accommodation of travelers, visi-
tors and boarders. The building has been
overhauled, cleaned and repaired from cellar to
garret, and the chambers thoroughly aired, ac-
cording and refurnished. The facilities for
accommodation at this house have been greatly
increased by the recent erection of a wing to
the main building, in which are ten large and
spacious Sleeping Apartments.

THE DINING ROOM and TABLE will receive
the particular care and attention of the Proprietor.
None but the most competent, obedient and
careful Servants will be employed.

The Table will be furnished with every sub-
stantial and delicacy that can be obtained, and
no effort nor expense spared to render guests
comfortable and contented.

WM. WYMAN, Proprietor.
Yazoo City, October 15, 1858.

S. S. ZELNICKER,

SUCCESSOR TO
HOFFMAN & ZELNICKER,
Will continue the Business on Main Street,
(next door to S. T. Munsey's) Yazoo City,
Miss.

WOULD respectfully inform my friends and
the public generally, that I have, and keep
constantly on hand, a good assortment of

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Shirts,
Hats, Caps,
Boots, Shoes,
Trunks, Valises,
Saddlery,
Outfitters,
&c., &c.,
All of which we are able to sell at very low
prices.

A liberal deduction made to wholesale
buyers.
P. S.—CITY ACCEPTANCE equal
CASH.
S. S. ZELNICKER.
Yazoo City, October 22, 1859.

SALOON AND RESTAURANT.

THE subscriber informs the public
that he has fitted up—in connec-
tion with his SALOON—an elegant RESTAURANT.
The Saloons are well stocked with the best
brands of Liquors, of all kinds and descriptions,
and are under the charge of polite, efficient man-
agers, whose constant care it is to make visitors and
patrons comfortable and at home.

The Restaurant is under the superintendence
of an experienced and capable Steward, and is
supplied with attentive and obedient servants, and
no expense, labor or trouble is spared to furnish
the table with the very best that the surrounding
country and the city market afford. The best
cuisine is prepared throughout the building, and
every precaution is taken and effort made con-
ducive to the enjoyment and comfort of the
guests. This arrangement is permanent, and
the public may rely upon being accommodated at
all times and in the best style possible.

GEORGE W. GRUBBS.
October 8, 1859.

Executor's Sale.
BY virtue of a decree of the Probate Court of
Madison county, I, as Executor of Jesse
Heard, deceased, will, on Monday, the 28th day
of November next, offer at public sale, before the
Court House door in Yazoo county, on a credit
of twelve months, the following lands, to-wit:

The east half of the south east quarter of Sec-
tion ten, Township eleven, Range one west. The
east half of the north east quarter and the south
east quarter of Section five; and Lot No. 7 in
Section twenty-nine, Township eight, Range
three west. The north half and the west half of
the south west quarter of Section four, Township
eight, Range four west. The north east quarter
and east half of the north west quarter and south
half of Section thirty-three, Township nine,
Range four west; and Lot No. 155 in the town of
Saratoga. All in said county of Yazoo.

Notes, with satisfactory security, will be re-
quired of the purchasers.
W. S. HEARD.
October 15, 1859-1da.

CITATION NOTICE.
To William Donelson.
YOU are hereby cited to be and appear before
the Probate Court of Yazoo county, State of
Mississippi, on the fourth Monday of November
next, to answer the petition of William M. Donel-
son for a final settlement as your Guardian, and
for leave to surrender his letters of Guardianship.

By order of the Court.
JOHN BRUMFIELD, Clerk.
E. BOWMAN, Solr.
October 20, 1859—5t.

ANDREWS' new crop Turnip Seed, just re-
ceived by
P. B. COOK & CO.
August 13, 1859.

Miscellany.

EXTRAVAGANCE OF THE AGE.

A writer who is in the habit of telling
home truths which go direct to the heart of
the popular follies of the day, has the fol-
lowing in relation to the pernicious system
of domestic education, so fatally prevalent
at the present time:

"In the town of Somewhere, lives Mr.
Manygirls. He is a toilsome merchant, his
wife a hard-working house-keeper. Once
they were poor, now they are ruinously rich.
They have seven daughters, whom they train
up in utter idleness. They spend much
money, but not in works of humanity, not
even in elegant accomplishments, in paint-
ing, dancing, music and the like, and so
paying in spiritual beauty what they take
in material means. They never read nor
sing; they are know nothings, and only in
vain show, as useless as a ghost, and as
ignorant as the blocks on which their bon-
nets are made. Now, as these seven 'ladies,'
as the newspapers call these poor things, so
ignorant and helpless, are not only idle, can
earn nothing, but consume much. What a
load of idleness is on their shoulders and
heads and necks. Mr. Manygirls hires many
men and women to wait on his daughters'
idleness, and these servants are drawn from
productive work in nursing these seven
grown up babies.

"On the other side of the way, the Hon.
Mr. Manysons has seven sons, who are the
exact match for the merchant's daughters;
rich, idle; some of them dissolute; de-
bauchery coming before their boards; all
useless, earning nothing, spending much,
wasting more. The only labor is to kill
time; and in summer they emigrate from
pond to pond, from lake to lake, having a
fishing line with a worm at one end and a
fool at the other. These are fast families in
Somewhere. Their idleness is counted
pleasure. Six of these sons will marry,
and five perhaps of Manygirls's daughters,
and what families they will found to live on
the toil of their grandfather's bones; until
a commercial crisis, and the wear and tear
of time has dissipated their fortunes and
they are forced reluctantly to toil.

"Besides, there is an enormous waste of
food, fuel, clothing, of everything. We are
the least economical, civilized people on
earth. Of course the poor are wasteful
everywhere, they do not know how to econo-
mize; and they have not the means. They
must live from hand to mouth, and half
what is put into their hand perishes be-
fore it reaches the mouth. So likewise are
the rich wasteful who have inherited money,
almost never such as have earned it. The
greatest mass of the people are not economi-
cal, but wasteful. It is the habit of the
whole country."

A WONDERFUL LIGHT.—The Rochester
Democrat says that Dr. Geo. W. Smith, of
that city, has invented a light much more
powerful than the Drummond light. This
light was attached to a locomotive on the
Central road, and it threw such a light that
the distance of twelve to fifteen hundred
feet. On a long stretch of straight road
the locomotive was brought to a stop, and
the party alighted to go ahead in order to
ascertain the effect upon an observer. Look-
ing at the light from a distance of fifteen
hundred feet, the eye is unable to endure its
brilliance more than an instant, and from a
distance of one thousand feet it cannot be
observed at all. It was found that a man
with optics of ordinary power, could
solely by the light reflected from the lamp,
readily read a newspaper printed in type
like that with which this article is set, a
full quarter of a mile from the locomotive!
This seems incredible, but it is literally
true. The distance was carefully measured
off by a professional engineer who was of
the party.

MORMON OUTRAGES.—A dispatch of the
10th from Washington says:

Reliable information, just received from
Utah, states that Judge Sinclair and Cradle-
baugh are on their way to Washington.
Mr. Hartwell, the Secretary of the Territory,
arrived here yesterday.

It appears that there continued to be
frequent murders and assassinations, but no
arrests are made, the Mormons systematically
obstructing the course of justice.

The opinion prevails among the Gentiles
that the Courts will be useless unless the
Government shall change its policy. Gen.
Johnson is so restricted by instructions that
he cannot move to afford the necessary pro-
tection. The continuance of the army at
Camp Floyd only serves to add to the pros-
perity of the Mormons, by means of the
large sums of money spent in the Territory
for supplies.

ADULTERATED COTTON IN MEMPHIS.—
The commercial editor of the Memphis Ap-
pel, says:

Throughout the week low cottons have
been totally neglected, and many expect
that they will accumulate on hand until the
factors will be obliged to force them off at
any price they can get. The sandy, leafy,
dirty, mixed dogtail, that has passed under
the name of cotton, can bear that kindly
appellation no longer. The eastern man-
ufacturer will not admit a bale of it on his
premises, and the Liverpool merchant will
not rub it at any price. When the dirt
and rubbish is cleaned out of it, it is found
to cost more than cotton of a good quality,
and is therefore scouted, kicked out, anat-
ematized, banished and excommunicated.

VERY SELFISH.—One of our exchanges
advertisers for two composers "who don't
get drunk," and adds that "the editor does
all the getting drunk necessary to support
the dignity of the establishment."

FOR THE DEMOCRAT.

HOPE.

Hope pulbized its flashing pinions
First in tears and then in heaven,
And on each fair, unfettered wing,
Like a shrinking, shadowy thing,
The dark death damps its quivering,
But over that bath the rainbow right,
And over that is the promise bright,
And over all is love and light,
And then to earth 'tis given.

And what is Hope? A burning gem
That angels took from the diadem
Of the crown of Heaven, and with looks of love,
And smiles all harned in their homes above,
With a finger of fire, a word of bliss,
Laid the god-like gift with a kindling kiss
On the human heart. And this, and this
Is the spirits life, and spirits light,
Its earth and heaven and strength and might.

Ah, Hope! without it what should we be,
That riven chain from eternity;
From that chain of light that links in one,
The hallowed hearts of the Father and Son;
And a ruined world. It is their all,
On it they rest or with it fall.

Benton, Nov. 15th, 1859.

PARSON BROWNLOW SPEAKS.—Parson
Brownlow improves the occasion of the
Brown rebellion to attack his old antago-
nist, Rev. A. Pryne, to whom he addresses
a long letter. Mr. Pryne having declared
that he personally assisted Brown to buy
rifles for use in Kansas, the Parson retorts
upon him as follows:

"The cowardice of absconding and leav-
ing glorious old John Brown to help him-
self, also suits you. Add to this your
challenge to me of last month, dated at
Williamson, New York, to renew the de-
bate on slavery—which was intended to
throw us off our guard as to your where-
abouts, and it is clear to my mind that you
were in this movement. And until you
prove where you were on the 16th, 17th
and 18th days of October, 1859, I shall re-
gard you as one of the murderous and cow-
ardly hypocrites in the Harper's Ferry in-
surrection, under a false and assumed name.

Brownlow concludes his letter in the fol-
lowing strain:

"I honestly believe that you have been at
Harper's Ferry in person, and ingloriously
led when danger stared you in the face. If
you were not there in person your letters to
glorious old John Brown are in the posses-
sion of Gov. Wise, showing that you were
aiding and abetting in this murderous work.
I hope the letters will be published, and
that a requisition will be made upon the
New York Governor for you. Should you
be brought to Virginia and hung, it will be
a curious fact, if I am there, and present on
the scaffold, to administer to you, in your
dying agonies, the consolations of the Gos-
pel!"

McQUEEN ON DOUGLAS.—The Hon. John
McQueen, M. C., of South Carolina, in a
letter written in reply to an invitation to
attend the public dinner given to Senator
Chestnut, says: "I would not support Mr.
Douglas for the Presidency, if he were to
make an affidavit to observe any platform
that may be drawn; I know what he has
done, and that is enough for me." He
closes his letter as follows:

"I have no hesitation in saying, if a
Black Republican is elected in 1860, I would
not submit to it in this Union, and I am
satisfied if the South submits to it, she will
be lamentably delinquent in her duty, and will
have passed the point in her history, at
which she may retrieve her honor and her
rights, without bloodshed, and without much
strife, and secure to herself and posterity
the rich inheritance which her ancestors
bequeathed to her in blood. The moment
such election is known; I trust the South
will unite either in part or in whole, and
make known her determination to dissolve
this Union. The common compact has
already been broken, in letter and spirit,
and we will have a perfect right to dissolve
an alliance not regarded by our enemies,
without war or blood; and if there be indi-
cations that in the arrogance of our enemies
they threaten to make war upon us, then
we should be prepared with powder and
ball to vindicate our rights as our ancestors
did."

INCONVENIENCES RESULTING FROM CAR-

RYING OFF TROPHIES OF THE INVASION.—
The Staunton Virginian tells a story of the
hazard a citizen of that place incurred by
having on his person some of the 'trophies':

"One of our townsmen, Mr. Geo. W.
Dillard, was involved in great danger at
Harper's Ferry last week. He had gone
there on business on the day after the cap-
ture of old Brown and his party, and in
walking alone in the vicinity of the Ferry,
enjoying the splendid scenery, with one of
the pikes in hand, and two or three blank
commissions in his pocket taken from the
insurgents, and which Gov. Wise had given
him the day before, he was pursued and
captured by a party who were hunting
Cook. Mr. Dillard was immediately charged
with being one of Cook's men; and the
pike was satisfactory evidence; and the
cry was raised of 'shoot him, shoot him,'
and several loaded guns were pointed at his
breast. Fortunately Mr. Dillard retained
his self-possession so well that the party at
last yielded to his request that he should be
taken to the superintendent of the Ferry
and there be permitted to prove his inno-
cence. Mr. Dillard said it was about the
most trying half hour or more he ever spent.
We should think it was."

SHADE OF THE DEPARTED.—The editor
of one of the down east paper gives an ac-
count of his office having been for many
years haunted by a longer, who had sat
there so long that, when he died, his shadow
was found fixed upon the wall.

KIT DOWN, SAD SOUL.

Sit down, sad soul, and count
The moments flying;
Come, tell the sweet amount
That's lost by sighing!
How many smiles?—a score?
Then laugh, and count no more,
For day is flying;
Lie down, sad soul, and sleep,
And no more measure
The flight of Time, nor weep
The loss of leisure;
But here, by this lone stream
Lie down with us and dream
Of starry treasure:
We dream; do thou the same.
We love—forever;
We laugh, yet few we shame—
The gentle, never.
Stay, then, till sorrow dies;
Then—hope and happy skies
Are thine forever!

OLD BROWN AS A PRAYING MAN.—The
Pittsburg Dispatch is responsible for the
following story:

When Thomas Cunningham, Esq., of
Beaver, Pa., went to Kansas, under an ap-
pointment as U. S. Judge, in passing through
a settlement he met old Ossawatimie Brown,
who had just arrived with half a dozen pros-
lavery prisoners, captured while in arms to
assail the free State settlers. Among them
were several slave-holders, who were dis-
charged by Brown (as Gov. Wise promised
to discharge Gerritt Smith) with a lecture,
as poor ignorant devils who knew no better;
then turning to the Northern men with
Southern principles, he remarked: "As for
you fellows, you ought to know better, hav-
ing been brought up in the free North, I
must ask the Lord what I shall do with
you!" Whereupon the stern old man com-
menced praying to the Almighty, asking his
aid, that he might so dispose of these pris-
oners as to best promote the free State
cause, etc., in the midst of which Judge
Cunningham, after vain attempts at restrain-
ing it, burst into a fit of laughter. In a
moment Brown ceased praying, and turning
his piercing eyes upon the offender remark-
ed: "And if you don't stop laughing, I
shall dispose of you, sir, without asking the
Lord anything about it." It is unneces-
sary to say that the honorable Court re-
sumed its accustomed grave demeanor, and that
the subsequent proceedings of John Brown's
drum-head court martial were marked with
no levity so far as Judge Cunningham was
concerned.

BANDITS IN ALABAMA.—The Mobile Re-
gister, of Wednesday morning records the
following strange story:

It was with sincere grief that we heard
yesterday of a horrible crime perpetrated a
few days since in Conecuh county. Mr.
Page, a prominent citizen of the county, was
returning in company with his son-in-law,
Mr. Wright, from a sale, when an assas-
sination in the road forced the younger gentle-
man to descend from the buggy.

While employed in removing the obstruction,
a shot from a concealed assassin struck
Mr. Page, who had remained in the buggy,
to the heart. Mr. Wright also was fired at,
but not hit, and rapidly regaining the buggy,
drove from the scene of blood. It is thought
that the deed had for its motive plunder, as
the two gentlemen were possessed of a